

Code: JHCDB  
Adopted: June 8, 2006  
Amended: October 8, 2015

## **Wellness Policy**

The Lincoln County School District (LCSD) School Wellness Policy is based on and developed using USDA's Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards for all Foods Sold in Schools, Interim Final Rule and Local School Wellness Policy Implementation, Proposed Rule as required by the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010. These federal standards are subject to change. As changes are made, the LCSD School Wellness Policy will be updated to comply with the federal minimum requirements.

The LCSD wishes to acknowledge the contributions of the following individuals:

### **School Wellness Advisory Group Members:**

Sarah Somers – Food Service / Parent  
Pam Teel – Assistant Superintendent / Principal  
Cherry Florence – Principal  
Steph Vincent – Teacher / Parent  
Kylea Lytle – Parent  
Trista Boyce – Parent  
Carolyn Harr – School Board Member  
Ken Thornock – PE Coach  
Rebeka Lewis – Parent  
Nicole Rowe – Community Health Nurse

## **Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards for all Foods Sold in Schools**

The Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 directed the USDA to establish science-based nutrition standards for all foods and beverages sold to students in school during the school day. The Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards support efforts by school food service staff, school administrators, teachers, parents, and the school community, who all work together to instill healthy habits in students. The Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards cover all foods sold in schools. This means foods sold during the school day in the following locations, (but not limited to) school stores, vending machines, bake sales, the snack bar, must meet the minimum federal regulations as laid out in the Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards. The intent of these standards is not to limit popular snack items but instead to make healthier snacks available to students. These snacks must meet common-sense standards for fat, saturated fat, sugar and sodium, while promoting products that have whole grains, low-fat dairy, fruits, vegetables or protein foods as their main ingredients.

## **Local School Wellness Policy Implementation**

The LCSD has followed the implementation requirements that an advisory group be formed to address the development, implementation and review of the local school wellness policy. The policy must include a plan to include representatives from the following suggested categories: parents, students, school food authority, PE teachers, school health professionals, school board, school administrators, and the general public (which may include a local dietitian, medical professional, business owner, parks and recreation representative, community leader, farmer, etc.). The policy requires the school district to inform and update the public (including parents, students, and others in the community) about the content and implementation of the local school wellness policy annually. The school wellness policy must include goals for nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. School districts must designate one or more school district official(s) or school official(s), as appropriate, to ensure that each school complies with the local school wellness policy. The school district must inform the Nevada Department of Agriculture (NDA) the name(s), position(s), and contact information for the person(s) responsible for the oversight of the local school wellness policy at the district and/or school level by September 30 of each school year. If the designated wellness policy coordinator changes, the school district must notify NDA within 60 days.

## **LCSD is required to develop a local school wellness policy based on the following topics:**

Advisory group, Wellness Policy Coordinator, Recordkeeping, School Wellness Policy Goals, Incentives and Rewards, Fundraising, Special Occasions, Revenue, Meal Consumption, Physical Activity, Recess before Lunch, Marketing, Smart Snack Nutrition

Standards Specific Nutrient Standards for Foods, Beverages, Caffeine, and Chewing Gum.

The School Wellness Policy Taskforce acknowledges that this Policy does not encompass all aspects of the school environment that affect school wellness and encourages local school districts to include other areas in their policies as applicable

## **Lincoln County School District (LCSD) School Wellness Policy**

### 1. Advisory Group

The LCSD has established a diverse team made up of committed school and community stakeholders to assess the school district needs and develop a policy that meets the operational realities of the school district and works toward improved health and wellness outcomes for school children. In addition, this group must meet at a minimum twice a year to review and update the local school wellness policy (LSWP), as needs change, goals are met, new information emerges, and the annual review is completed.

### 2. Wellness Policy Coordinator

The LCSD has established LSWP leadership, at the district and/or school level, who fully understand the LSWP requirements, who can facilitate the development and implementation of the LSWP, and who has the authority and responsibility to ensure that each school complies with the policy.

The school district has designated at the district and/or school level, the position(s) responsible for reporting the status of Policy implementation annually. The school district will inform the Nevada Department of Agriculture (NDA) the name(s), position(s), and contact information for the person(s) responsible for the oversight of the local school wellness policy at the district and/or school level by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each school year. If the designated wellness policy coordinator changes, the school district must notify NDA within 60 days.

### 3. Recordkeeping

School districts will retain basic records demonstrating compliance with the LSWP and must include the following documentation: Compliance with the requirements of advisory group representation, triennial assessment of the LSWP, annual LSWP progress reports for each school under the jurisdiction, demonstrate compliance with public notification.

### 4. School Wellness Policy Goals

The LCSD will select, measure, and report progress for at least one goal from each of the following categories: Nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other

school-based activities that promote student wellness.

5. Incentives & Rewards

The LCSD has encouraged other forms of incentives or rewards that are not food-based. We have addressed the use of food as an incentive or reward, if allowed it is required that the food awards be in alignment with the Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards

6. Fundraising

All items sold to students on the school campus during the school day must meet the Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards, there are no exemptions.

7. Special Occasions

The LCSD has established the exemptions for foods that exceed the established nutrition parameters, they are as follows:

- a. In observance of the following holidays or religious observances: Halloween, Christmas, Hanukkah, Kwanza, Valentine's Day, St. Patrick's Day, Birthday parties (celebrated once a month), or end of school year parties.
- b. It is recommended that food be commercially prepared to minimize risks of food borne illnesses and to avoid know food allergens.
- c. The sale of foods as part of a business enterprise or fundraising activity is not allowed unless the food item(s) meet the Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards.

8. Revenue

The LCSD will follow the District Policies and Procedures as it relates to the sale of food on the school campus during the school day by one or both of the following methods:

- a. **Federal Standard:** All revenue from the sale of non-program foods purchased with funds from the non-profit school food service account shall accrue to the non-profit school food service account of the participating school food authority.
- b. **Nevada Revised Statute:** Each School's wellness policy shall include: Guidelines for revenue accounting in accordance with NRS 233B.050, or in accordance with established school district rules of practices. Each would follow the LCSD's Policies and Procedures as it relates to the sale of food as mentioned above.

9. Meal Consumption

It is the intent of this policy to allow each student adequate time to eat his or her meal, therefore, time spent acquiring the meal is not included in the time to consume the meal.

10. The LCSD shall:

- a. Provide at least 15 minutes for each student to consume the breakfast meal (providing the school offers breakfast); and

b. Provide at least 20 minutes for each student to consume the lunch meal.

11. Physical Activity

Each school will provide the opportunity for moderate to vigorous physical activity for at least 30 minutes during each regular school day (as defined by USDA). It is recommended that students be given physical activity opportunities in bouts of 10 minutes at a minimum. Passing periods do not qualify as physical activity time.

Teachers, school personnel, and community personnel will not use physical activity or withhold opportunities for physical activity (e.g. recess, physical education) as punishment.

12. Recess Before Lunch

Recess before lunch is recommended, but is left to the discretion of the school.

13. Marketing

Only marketing consistent with Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards is allowed on the school campus. This includes any advertising and other promotions on the school campus during the school day (oral, written, or visual).

14. Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards

All foods and beverages available for sale or given away to students on the school campus during the school day must meet the minimum nutrition standards. These food standards apply to all grade levels (unless otherwise specified).

To be allowable, a food item **must meet all** of the competitive food standards as follows:

Calories: Snack/Side Item: <200 calories per item as served (includes any accompaniments) Entrée: <350 calories per item as served (includes any accompaniments), **And**

Sodium: Snack/Side Item: ≤230 mg per item as served until June 30, 2016 (≤200 mg after July 1, 2016), Entrée: ≤480 mg per item as served, **And**

Fat: Total Fat: ≤35% of calories, Saturated Fat: ≤10% of calories, Trans Fat: 0 g per serving, **And**

Sugar: Total sugar: ≤35% by weight

15. Specific Nutrient Standards for Food

In addition to the Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards, food items **must meet one** of the

following criteria:

- a) Be a grain product that contains >50% whole grains by weight or have whole grains listed as the first ingredient on the food label; **OR**
- b) Have listed as the first ingredient on the food label, one of the non-grain main food groups: fruit, vegetable, dairy or protein foods; **OR**
- c) Be a combination food that contains at least ¼ cup fruit and/or vegetable; **OR**
- d) Contain 10% Daily Value (DV) of Calcium, Potassium, Vitamin D, or Dietary Fiber (Effective through June 30, 2016).
- e) If water is the first ingredient, the second ingredient must meet one of the above criteria.

16. Beverages

Allowable beverages vary by grade level and address container size. All beverages sold on the school campus during the school day must be non-carbonated. There are no restrictions on the sale of any allowable beverage at any grade level, during the school day anywhere on the school campus.

Beverages for all:

- a) **Water**-Plain, no size limit
- b) **Milk**-Unflavored non-fat, unflavored low-fat, or flavored non-fat milk, ≤8 fl. Oz. per serving for elementary school, ≤12 fl. Oz. per serving for middle school and high school.
- c) **Juice**-100% fruit and/or vegetable juice, 100% juice diluted with plain water (no added sweeteners), ≤8 fl. Oz. per serving for elementary school, ≤12 fl. Oz. per serving for middle school and high school allowable.

It is recommended that juice be sold in smaller serving sizes: 4-6 fl. Oz. servings for elementary school, and 8 fl. Oz. servings for middle and high school.

<b>Beverage</b>	<b>Elementary</b>	<b>Middle</b>	<b>High</b>
Plain Water	No Size Limit	No Size Limit	No Size Limit
Low-fat Milk, Unflavored*	≤ 8 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz
Non-fat Milk, Unflavored or flavored*	≤ 8 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz
100% Fruit/Vegetable	≤ 8 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz	≤ 12 fl oz

\*includes nutritionally equivalent milk alternatives, as permitted by NSLP/SBP

\*\*May include 100% juice diluted with plain water & with no added sweeteners

Other allowable Beverages in **High School Only.**

Non-Carbonated Calorie-free beverages (<20 fl. Oz./serving);

*Examples: Vitamin Water Zero, Propel Fit Water, Powerade Zero*

Other Non-Carbonated “Calorie-free” Beverages (<20 fl. Oz./serving) : ≤5 calories per 8 fl. oz. or ≤10 calories per 20 fl. oz.

*Examples: Diet Fuze, Pure Leaf Iced Tea*

Non-Carbonated Lower-Calorie Beverages (<12 fl. oz./serving) : ≤60 calories per 12 fl. oz., ≤40 calories per 8 fl. oz.

*Examples: G2, Fuze Slenderize, Diet Snapple, Light Hawaiian Punch*

#### 19. Caffeine

All foods and beverages in elementary school and middle school must be non-carbonated and caffeine-free, with the exception of trace amounts of naturally-occurring caffeine substances (e.g., chocolate milk).

It is recommended that no caffeine be allowed, however, caffeine is permitted in those high schools that do not have elementary/middle school students in the same buildings and at the discretion of the principal.

#### 20. Chewing Gum

Sugar-free chewing gum is exempt from all competitive food standards and may be sold to students at the discretion of the principal.

### **Definitions**

Carbonated Beverage – a class of beverages that bubble, fizz, or are effervescent. These include beverages that are aerated or infused.

Combination Food – products that contain two or more components representing two or more of the recommended food groups: fruit, vegetable, dairy, protein or grains.

Competitive Food – all food and beverages other than meals reimbursed available for sale to students on the school campus during the school day.

Fundraisers – the sale of items for monetary gain intended for consumption during the school day.

Local Educational Agency (LEA) – the authority responsible for the administrative control of public or private nonprofit educational institutions within a defined area of the state. For example: A school district or state sponsored charter school.

Local School Wellness Policy (LSWP) – the policy that applies to the local school district which supports a school environment that promotes sound nutrition and student health, reduces childhood obesity, and provides transparency to the public on school wellness policy content and implementation.

Marketing – advertising and other promotions in schools. This includes oral, written, or graphic statements made for the purpose of promoting the sale of a food or beverage product made by the producer, manufacturer, seller, or any other entity with a commercial interest in the product.

Moderate to Vigorous Physical Activity – physical activities done at an intensity that increases children’s heart and breathing rates above normal. For example: A child walking to school is moderate activity; Running and chasing others during a tag game is vigorous activity.

Non-program food – food sold in school during the school day at any time or location on the school campus other than reimbursable meals.

Physical Activity – bodily movement produced by the contraction of skeletal muscle that increases a person’s energy expenditure above a basal level.

School Campus – all areas of the property under the jurisdiction of the school that are accessible to students during the school day.

School Day – the period from the midnight before, to 30 minutes after the end of the official school day.

School Property – all areas of the school campus including those that are owned or leased by the school and used at any time for school-related activities such as the school building, areas adjacent to the school building, school buses or other vehicles used to transport students, athletic fields or stadiums, or parking lots.

Smart Snacks Nutrition Standards – a part of the Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 that provide science-based nutrition standards for all foods and beverages sold to students in school during the school day.